AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) An arrangement <u>comprising</u>: for supplying electrical power to

a field device with a housing, for monitoring a technical process in of a process installation[[,]] in which there are pipelines which carry process media, without the use of wires, which the field device has having a wire-free communication interface, and has having at least one field device face facing the process and at least one field device face facing away from the process, and is equipped with : and

a thermoelectric transducer which has having a transducer face for [[(]]facing the process and a transducer face for facing away from the process, wherein the thermoelectric transducer being is arranged in or on the field device outside the pipeline carrying the process media, such that for converting at least one of heat flow in the field device between the field device face facing the process and the field device face facing away from the process, and and/or heat flow through the thermoelectric transducer between the transducer face facing the process and the transducer face facing away from the process, is converted to electrical energy for supplying electrical power to the field device by the thermoelectric transducer.

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(Currently Amended) The arrangement as claimed in claim 1, wherein the

thermoelectric transducer is configured for converting heat flow in the field device

between the field device face facing the process and the field device face facing

away from the process, and/or the heat flow through the thermoelectric transducer

between the transducer face facing the process and the transducer face facing away

from the process, can be converted to electrical energy irrespective of the a direction

of the heat flow.

2.

3. (Previously Presented) The arrangement as claimed in claim 1, wherein the

thermoelectric transducer is connected to a heat sink on the transducer face facing

away from the process.

4. (Previously Presented) The arrangement as claimed in claim 3, wherein the

thermoelectric transducer is fitted entirely within the housing and the heat sink is

fitted at least partially within the housing.

5. (Previously Presented) The arrangement as claimed in claim 3, wherein the

field device is equipped with an energy store and an energy management system.

which is integrated in a controller or in a control, data acquisition and processing

module.

6. (Currently Amended) A method for supplying electrical power to a field

device, comprising: with a housing for

monitoring of a technical process in a process installation[[,]] in which there are pipelines which carry process media, without the use of wires, which with a field device has having a wire-free communication interface, has at least one field device face facing the process and at least one field device face facing away from the process, and is the field device having a housing equipped with a thermoelectric transducer outside the pipelines which carry process media to be monitored by the field device, the thermoelectric transducer having which has a transducer face facing the process and a transducer face facing away from the process[[,]]; and

wherein converting heat flow in the field device between the field device face facing the process and the field device face facing away from the process and/or heat flow through the thermoelectric transducer between the transducer face facing the process and the transducer face facing away from the process is converted to electrical energy by the thermoelectric transducer for supplying power to the field device.

7. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 6, wherein comprising:

converting the heat flow in the field device between the field device face
facing the process and the field device face facing away from the process, and/or the
heat flow through the thermoelectric transducer between the transducer face facing
the process and the transducer face facing away from the process is converted to
electrical energy irrespective of the a direction of the heat flow.

8. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 7, wherein a defined comprising:

defining a path for the heat flow in the field device is created by a heat sink which is fitted on the transducer face facing away from the process.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 8, wherein comprising: controlling energy consumption of the field device is minimized by an energy management system, with the energy management system being integrated in a controller or in a control, data acquisition and processing module, and being connected via the wire-free communication interface with a central control and/or service station.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein comprising:

 minimizing the energy consumption of the field device is minimized as a

 function of a state of an energy store which is arranged in the field device, and/or of

 actual measurement variables and/or of their rate of change with time and/or of an

 instantaneous installation state, which is known to the central control and/or service

 station.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The arrangement as claimed in claim 2, wherein comprising:

connecting the thermoelectric transducer is connected to a heat sink on the transducer face facing away from the process.